

LAW ON NARCOTIC DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

Name of the Act 1. The Act shall be referred to as the Law on Narcotics Drugs and
[Nomenclature] Psychotropic Substances.

Offence(s) of
producing,
dissemination or
trading in prohibited
intoxicating
substances.

2.
a) It is an offence to grow, produce, import, export, sell, purchase, give, handle for trading purposes, or keep in possession any narcotic drugs or psychotropic substance in the Maldives. Any attempt to commit or participate in the commission of such offence is also prohibited.

b) Any person found to be in possession of any narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance, in excess of one gram, shall be deemed to be in the business of trading in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances.

c) Among the offences specified in subsection (a) of this section, a person who either import to the Maldives or export from the Maldives any narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance or who buys any such narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance and the amount of any narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance was one gram or less than one gram, and once that person is found guilty of committing such offence or attempts to commit any such offence shall be either sentenced for imprisonment, or banishment, or house arrest for a term between 5 and 12 years. If a person who had committed such an offense is a foreign national and after assessing the magnitude of the offense committed by any such person, he/she shall be sentenced to a fine of an amount not less than 10,000/- Rufiya and the government has a right to deport such persons from the Maldives without giving him/her the right to ever come back to the Maldives.

d) Any person found guilty of any offence mentioned in subsection (a) of this section, other than an offence which carries a penalty under subsection (c) of this section, will be sentenced to life imprisonment.

Offence(s) of using prescriptive drugs for intoxicating purposes.

3.

- a) It is an offense, except in accordance with the Health Ministry regulations and with prior permission from the same Ministry, to import into the Maldives, or to export from the Maldives, or to produce or grow in the Maldives any narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances that can be used as medications. Attempt to commit or to participate in the commission of any of these acts is also an offense.
- b) It is an offense, except in accordance with the Health Ministry regulations and with prior permission from the same Ministry, to trade, sell, carry, keep any narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances that are used as medications. Attempt to commit or to participate in the commission of any of these acts is also an offense.

Keeping in possession for purposes of trading purposes.

- c) If a party who has been granted permission through a prescription to keep in possession any permitted drugs which could be classified under this act a narcotic drug or psychotropic substance has in possession a quantity in excess of the permitted amount that is used as a medication, or if a party who has not been granted permission to keep the same as stated in this paragraph herein, has in possession an amount in excess of the quantity usually prescribed in one instance by a doctor who has secured permission to practice medicine, it shall be deemed that the same has been kept in possession for trading purposes.
- d) A person who commits an offense mentioned in subsection (a) and (b) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment or banishment for a term between 10 and 15 years.

Offense(s) of using and keeping in possession for use.

4. (a)

- 1. It is an offense to use or to keep in possession for usage any prohibited narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance.
- 2. It is an offense to use or to keep in possession for usage any narcotic drugs or psychotropic substance that is used for medication, except with a prescription from an authorized doctor.

(b). It is an offense to use for the purpose of getting intoxicated, any narcotic substance or any psychotropic

substance, and even if the substance used is not a prohibited narcotic drug or psychotropic substance that is used as a medication.

- (c). Prohibited narcotic drug and psychotropic substance shall be deemed to have been kept in possession for the purpose of consumption, if the quantity of such a substance is one gram or less than one gram.
- (d). Narcotic drug and psychotropic substance that is used as medication shall be deemed to have been kept in possession for the purpose of consumption, if the amount so kept is less than what is usually prescribed in one instance by an authorized medical practitioner.
- (e) A person who commits an offense mentioned in subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment or banishment or house arrest for a term between 5 and 12 years.
- (f) A person who commits an offense mentioned in subsection (b) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment or banishment or house arrest for a term between 2 and 5 years.
- (g) If a person who has commits an offense mentioned in subsection (a) and (b) of this section is a foreign national, the government may, after assessing the seriousness of the offense, fine such a person for an amount not less than 10,000/- Rufiya and permanently deport that person from the Maldives.

Offense of attempting to obtain narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances by altering prescriptions.

5.

- (a) It is an offence to submit a doctor's prescription after effecting alteration to the same, or to abuse a similar prescription, for the purpose of acquiring a narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance that is used as a medication.
- (b) A person who commits an offense mentioned in subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment or banishment for a term between 2 and 5 years.

Offense(s) appertaining to money and property acquired via the commission of an offense.

6.

- (a) It is an offence to receive, keep in possession, or use property or money knowing that such a property or money has been obtained by commission of an offence contrary to this Law, or received as a consequence of the commission of an offence stated in this Law or plausible reasons exist that such material has been

obtained or received by the commission of such an offence.

- (b) With the intention of concealing that an item has been obtained by the commission of an offence that has been stated in this Law, or with the intention of concealing that an item has been obtained by the commission of an unlawful act, or with the intention of assisting a person who had participated in the [commission of such] offence avoid rightful penalty, it is an offence to carry out any acts to confuse the origin of any item or property or money that has been obtained by the commission of [such] offence, or to assist in altering in any way the ownership of the same or in changing the ownership of the same.
- (c) A person who commits an offense mentioned in subsection (a) and (b) of this section shall be sentenced to a fine between 100,000/- Rufiyaa and 1,000,000/- Rufiyaa or for a term between 10 and 15 years, or a fine between 100,000/- Rufiyaa and 1,000,000/- Rufiyaa and sentenced for imprisonment or banishment for a term between 10 and 15 years.
- (d) If a company commits the offences stated in subsections (a) and (b) of this section the company will be dissolved and fines stated in subsection (c) of this section will be imposed on the company.

*Additional
offense(s)
appertaining to
narcotic drugs and
psychotropic
substances.*

7.

- (a) Carrying out any of the acts stated below is an offense.
 - 2. Writing, drawing, showing, disclosing, publishing or issuing for the public to see any article that encourages the use of or creates an interest in any narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance, or speaks in a manner that may encourage the use of or creates an interest in a similar substance.
 - 3. At a location that the public uses or at a location that is conducive to public entry and exit, the owner of such location, or a person that inhabits in such location, or a person that acts as a caretaker of such location, permits or performs any action that is favorable to the

unlawful use of a narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance.

4. To buy or sell anything with the view that the same is a narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance, or attempting to carry out such an action.

(b) A person who commits an offence mentioned in subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment or banishment for a term between 7 and 15 years.

Not reporting the commission of an offense.

8.

(a) Except what becomes known to persons that carry out surveys for government purposes regarding persons that use narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and regarding other issues, and what becomes known in the course of their work to persons who [curatively] treat persons who use narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, should any person comes to know that any person had committed any of the offences stated in this Law, or should a situation arise that leads [a person] to believe that an offence stated in this Law has been committed, not reporting the same to the Ministry of Defense and National Security in Male' or to the Atoll Office or the Island Office in the rest of the country is an offence.

(b) The penalty accorded to a person who has committed an offence stated in (a) of this Section will be imprisonment or banishment or house arrest for a term between 1 and 3 years.

Awarding of maximum penalty stated in this Law

9.

If an offence stated in this Law has been committed by a person stated below [in this Article], or in a condition stated below [in this Article], or in a place [stated below], the severest penalty prescribed for [the commission of] the said offence in this Law shall be proclaimed over the person that commits such an offence.

(a) A member of a criminal organization.

(b) A repeated offender under this Law.

- (c) A person assigned by the government with the task of preventing the use of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and stopping the trading in the same.
- (d) A person that gave any narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance to a minor that had not attained 16 years of age, or to a person who is mentally incompetent, or to a person receiving [curative] treatment under section 11 or section 12 of this Law in contravention of this Law, or a person that assists in the administration of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances into the body of a previously mentioned person in contravention of this Law, or a person that allows the participation of such a [previously mentioned] person in the commission of an offense under this Law.
- (e) Should the health of any person develop into a dangerous situation due to the use of a narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance, or if a person dies [due to the use of a narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance], the person who administered the narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances into the body of the [former] person, or the person who assisted in the same.
- (f) A person who secretly adds a narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance into the food or drink of any person.
- (g) The commission of another unlawful act in conjunction with an offence.
- (h) In the commission of an offence, assaulting any party that administers or dispenses, injuring [the same], or indicating the possibility of carrying out any of these activities or threatens [the same], or using a sharp object that may be used to kill a person with or [using] an object that, if used as a weapon, may be construed as an object that may be used kill a person with.
- (i) An employee of the government committing an offence by using his or her position in the government or by using the influence of that position.

- (j) A person that administers health-related curative treatment by nature of his or her employment, or a pharmacist using his or her position, or using influence [of those positions] to commit an offence.
- (k) Commission of [an] offence at a school or at a place where teaching is engaged in, or at a center where health-related curative treatment is given, or at a center where curative treatment is given to persons who, under this Law, are determined to be given curative treatment from among persons who use narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, or at a social center, or at a center designated for sports activities or for entertainment, or at a center for the police or the armed forces, or at a center specialized for the execution of legal sentences.

Money, property and materials acquired via the commission of an offense

- 10.
- (a) The narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances used in the commission of an offence stated in this Law, and tools [used for the same], and money, property and materials obtained by the commission of the offense shall be impounded.
 - (b) If a person is suspected of having committed an offence under this law or if a person is charged for the same, the *Qaal'ee* [i.e., judge or magistrate] may order the money, property and materials that have been suspected to have been obtained by committing the said offense be held [in custody] until the court arrives at a final conclusion, or to ensure that the same does not leave the custody of the said person, or not to engage the same in any transactions, or to keep the same under the custody of a certain party.
 - (c) If a person is suspected of having committed an offence stated in (b) of this section, the Ministry of Defense and National Security and the Ministry of Atolls Development may hold the money, property and materials that have been suspected of having been obtained by the committing the said offense, until the *Qaal'ee* makes a decision.

Giving curative treatment to persons that use narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances.

- 11.
- (a) From among persons who use narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, the affairs of giving curative treatment to those that have to be given the same under this Law shall be looked after by the Narcotics Control Board. In addition, the policies and criteria for the provision of curative treatment to those that, under this Law, have to be given the same from among persons who use narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, shall be determined by the Narcotics Control Board in consultation with the Ministry of Defense and National Security, Ministry of Women's Affairs and Social Security, the Ministry of Health, and the Attorney General's Office.
 - (b) From among persons who use narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, the determination of those persons that have to be given curative treatment under this Law, and the manner in which curative treatment to those persons shall be determined by a committee comprising [representation from] the Ministry of Defense and National Security, the Ministry of Health, the Ministry of Women's Affairs and Social Security, and the Attorney General's Office.
 - (c) If commission of an offence of use of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances has been proven against any person to the legal system, the court that passed sentence on the said person must inform the Narcotics Control Board of the same without delay. If the person against whom an offence of use of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances has been proven is not a person who is due to serve, or is serving, a sentence of a jail term, banishment or house arrest as penalty for another offense that had been proven against him or her, the Narcotics Control Board must submit [the person's case] to the committee stated in (b) of this Section to determine whether or not the said person has to receive curative treatment under this Law.

Persons who seek curative treatment voluntarily.

12. When a person who uses narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances in contravention of this Law, before the use [by the person] of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances is exposed [i.e., publicly and to legal agencies], submits his or her wish to seek curative treatment to the Narcotics Control Board, if the said person is not a person against whom a sentence of a jail term, banishment or house arrest has been passed and is due to serve, or is serving, said sentence as penalty for another offence that had been proven against him or her, if the committee stated in (b) of this Section determines that the said person has to receive curative treatment under this Law, if the said person receives [said] curative treatment as determined by the said committee and at a level acceptable to the said committee, without commission of additional offences, the identity of the said person must not be publicly disclosed. In addition, the said person cannot be prosecuted under (a) of Section 4 of this Law. However, if curative treatment is not obtained [by said person] as determined by the said committee and at a level acceptable to the said committee, the said person shall be prosecuted under (a) of Section 4 of this Law.

Completion of curative treatment.

13. (a) The person receiving curative treatment in accordance with section 11 of this Law receives treatment determine by the committee stated in (c) of that Section and at a level acceptable to the said committee, without commission of additional offences within the period of the sentence passed on the said person, the sentence passed on the said person shall not be executed.

Non-completion of curative treatment.

- (b) If curative treatment has not been received as determined by and at a level acceptable to the committee stated in (c) of Section 11 of this Law, or if [the said person] commits an additional offence within the period of the sentence passed on the said person, the sentence passed on the said person shall be immediately executed.

Deferring execution of sentence.

14. (a) If the person that committed an offense stated in Section 4 of this Law was a minor who had not attained 16 years of age, and if it was the first such offence proven against the said minor, the

Qaal'ee shall decree that the sentence passed against the [said] minor shall be deferred for a period of 3 years. And if the minor was someone against whom the offence of the use of narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances has been proven, the committee stated in (b) of Section 11 of this Law shall determine that the said minor should receive curative treatment, and the [said] curative treatment shall be administered to the said minor.

- (b) If the person that committed an offence stated in (a) of Section 4 of this Law was a person who had attained 16 years of age, and if it was the first such offence proven against the said person under this Law, and if it has not been determined that the said person has to receive curative treatment as stated in Section 11 of this Law, if the [said] person spends [i.e. serves] half of the period of the sentence that had been passed on him under Section 4 of this Law within the penalty of the sentence without committing an additional offence, the execution of that period of the sentence that remains unexecuted shall be deferred for the period of the [said] sentence.

Commission of an offense during the period of deferment of execution of sentence.

- 15.
 - (a) If the [relevant] person does not commit another offense within the period of the sentence that is deferred in accordance with Section 14 of this Law, the sentence that has been passed on the said person shall not be executed even at a later time.
 - (b) If it is proved that a person, within the deferred period of the sentence that had been pronounced on him or her, has committed another offence, the *Qaal'ee* shall decree that the deferred sentence shall immediately be executed or that the deferred sentence be executed subsequent to the execution of the sentence that has been passed with regard to the commission of the latter offense.

Obstruction of duty.

- 16.
- (a) It is an offence to obstruct any person that has been legally empowered with the administration of this Law in carrying out his or her duty.
 - (b) Violation of subsection (a) of this Section will lead to imprisonment or banishment or house arrest for a term between 1 and 3 years.

Commission of an offense outside the Maldives.

17. Even if the commission of an offence stated in this Law occurred outside the Maldives, this Law shall be enforced on a person that committed such an offence.

Scientific statements given to a majlis of the Sharia.

- 18.
- (a) The statement given before the court by a person who has obtained the academic certificates and experience necessary to determine scientifically that a person has used a narcotic drug or psychotropic substance, or the type of narcotic drug and psychotropic substance that has been used, or the amount of a narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance that has been used, [such statement being given] on any of these issues after investigating the same, is a concrete *qareena* [i.e. evidence] that is used to prove the same.
 - (b) The court shall accept the statement given before it by a person who has obtained the academic certificates [stated] in subsection (a) of this Section.
 - 1. The type and name of a narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance.
 - 2. The description of a narcotic drug and psychotropic substance and its weight.
 - 3. If any other substance has been added into a narcotic drug and psychotropic substance, the type and name of the same, and the object used for the containment of the narcotic drugs and psychotropic substance.
 - 4. The manner in which the narcotic drug and psychotropic substance had been analyzed and the results of the same.

- (c) The person giving the statement stated in subsection (a) and (b) of this Section shall be authorized by the Ministry of Health to conduct such analyses and issue [relevant] documents.

Exception.

- 19. The bringing to the Maldives by the Ministry of Defense and National Security of various types narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances needed for the information of parties that consider and investigate issues relevant to narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, in quantities that do not exceed two grams per type, shall be exempted from this Law.

Offense of drinking an alcoholic beverage.

- 20. The offence of drinking of alcoholic beverages is not included in the offences stated in Section 4(b) of this Law.

Making Regulations.

- 21. A party decreed by the President of the Republic possesses the prerogative of making Regulations necessary to administer and implement this Law.

Meaning(s)

- 22. In this Act:
 - (a) Prohibited narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances are substances that have been set out in Table 1 of this Law.
 - (b) Narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances that are used as medications are substances that have been set out in Table 2 of this Law.
 - (c) Narcotics drugs and psychotropic substances are substances that have been set out in Table 1 and Table 2 of this Law.
 - (d) Use of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances is construed as the administration into the body of any of the substances that have been set out in Table 1 and Table 2 of this Law for use of the same and for self-intoxication.
 - (e) Doctors who have secured permission to practice medicine are, if in the Maldives, medical doctors who have been granted permission [to practice] by the Ministry of Health and persons who have been granted permission to issue the medications

set out in Table 2 of this Law. And, if outside the Maldives, [the same refers to] medical doctors who have been granted permission to practice medicine by an official body of that nation [as applicable].

- (f) Participation in the commission of an offense is construed as engaging in an activity that has been stated as participating in the commission of an offense in Section 12 of the Chapter 1 of Law Number 1/81 "The *Qaanoon-ul-Uqoobaath* (Penal Code) of the Maldives".

TABLE 1- PROHIBITED PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

1.	ACETORPHINE
2.	ACETYL-ALPHA-METHYLFENTANYL
3.	ACETYLMETHADOL
4.	ALLYLPRODINE
5.	ALPHAMETHADOL
6.	ALPHA-METHYLFENTANYL
7.	ALPHA-METHYLTHIOFENTANYL
8.	ALPHAPRODINE
9.	ANILERIDINE
10.	BENZETHIDINE
11.	BENZYL MORPHINE
12.	BETACETYLMETHADOL
13.	BETA-HYDROXY FENT
14.	BETA-HYDROXY-3-METHYLFENTANYL
15.	BETAMEPRODINE
16.	BETAMETHADOL
17.	BETAPRODINE
18.	BEZITRAMIDE
19.	BROLAMFETAMINE
20.	BUPRENORPHINE
21.	CANNABIS AND CANNABIS RESIN
22.	CATHINONE
23.	CLONITAZENE
24.	COCA LEAF
25.	COCAINE
26.	CODOXIME
27.	CONCENTRATE OF POPPY STRAW
28.	CYCLOBARBITAL
29.	DESOMORPHINE
30.	DET
31.	DEXTROMORAMIDE
32.	DMA
33.	DMHP
34.	DMT
35.	DOET
36.	DIAMPROMIDE
37.	DIETHYLTHIAMBUTENE
38.	DIFENOXIN
39.	DIHYDROMORPHINE
40.	DIMENOXADOL
41.	DIMEPHEPTANOL
42.	DIMETHYLTHIAMBUTENE
43.	DIOXAPHETYL BUTYRATE
44.	DIPHENOXYLATE
45.	DIPIANONE
46.	DROTEBANOL

47. ECGONINE
48. ETHYLMETHYLTHIAMBUTENE
49. ETICYCLIDINE
50. ETONITAZINE
51. ETORPHINE
52. ETOXERIDINE
53. ETRYPTAMINE
54. FENETYLLINE
55. FURETHIDINE
56. HEROIN
57. HYDROMORPHINOL
58. HYDROXPETHIDINE
59. ISOMETHADONE
60. KETOBEMIDONE
61. LEVAMFETAMINE
62. LEVOMETAMFETAMINE
63. LEVOMETHORPHAN
64. LEVOMORAMIDE
65. LEVOPHENACYLMORPHAN
66. LYSERGIDE (LSD)
67. METAZOCINE
68. METHYLDESORPHINE
69. METHYLDIHYDROMORPHINE
70. 3-METHYLFENTANYL
71. 3-METHYLTHIOFENTANYL
72. METOPON
73. METAMFETAMINE RACEMATE
74. MECLOQUALONE
75. METHAQUALONE
76. METHCATHINONE
77. METHYLPHENIDATE
78. MORPHERIDINE
79. Mescaline
80. MORAMIDE INTERMEDIATE
81. 4-METHYLAMINOREX
82. MPPP
83. MMDA
84. MDMA
85. MDE
86. MYROPHINE
87. N-OHMDA
88. NICOMORPHINE
89. NORACYMETHADOL
90. NORLEVORPHANOL
91. NORMETHADONE
92. NORMORPHINE
93. NORPIANONE
94. PARA-FLUOROFENTANYL
95. PARAHXYL
96. PEPAP

97. PHENADOXONE
98. PHENAMPROMIDE
99. PHENAZOCINE
100. PHENOMORPHAN
101. PHENOPERIDINE
102. PHENCYCLIDINE
103. PHENMETRAZINE
104. PIMINODINE
105. PTRITRAMIDE
106. PMA
107. PROHEPTAZINE
108. PROPERIDINE
109. PSILOCYBINE
110. PSILOCINE, PSILOTSIN
111. RACEMETHORPHAN
112. RACEMORAMIDE
113. RACEMORPHAN
114. ROLICYCLIDINE
115. STP-DOM
116. TENAMFETAMINE
117. TENOCYCLIDINE
118. TETRAHYDRO CANNABINOL
119. THEBACON
120. THEBAINE
121. THIOFENTANYL
122. TILIDINE
123. TMA
124. TRIMEPERIDINE
125. ZIPEPROL
126. Isomers, esters, ethers and salts of the substances above, and of other substances produced using the same or any of the substances above, substances not included in Table 2 of this Law.

The names of the substances in this Table have been written as set out in the Schedules of the 1961 Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs and the 1971 Convention on Psychotropic Substances. And, the use of a name other than that stated in this Table for any of the substances stated in this Table shall not preclude the consideration of the said substance as anything other than that, which is stated in this Table.

TABLE 2 - PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES THAT ARE
USED AS MEDICATIONS

1. AMFEPRAMONE
2. AMFETAMINE
3. AMINOREX
4. AMOBARBITAL
5. ALFENTANIL
6. ALLOBARBITAL
7. ALPRAZOLAM
8. BARBITAL
9. BENZFETAMINE
10. BROMAZEPAM
11. BROtizOLAM
12. BUTALBITAL
13. CAMAZEPAM
14. CATHINE
15. CHLORDIAZEPOXIDE
16. CLOBAZAM
17. CLONAZEPAM
18. CLORAZEPATE
19. CLOTIAZEPAM
20. CLOXAZOLAM
21. CODEINE
22. DIAZEPAM
23. DELORAZEPAM
24. DEXAMFETAMINE
25. ESTAZOLAM
26. ETHCHLORVYNOL
27. ETHINAMATE
28. ETHYL LOFLAZEMPATE
29. ETILAMFETAMINE
30. FENCAMFAMIN
31. FENPROPOREX
32. FENTANYL
33. FLUDIAZEPAM
34. FLUNITRAZEPAM
35. FLURAZEPAM
36. GLUTETHIMIDE
37. HALAZEPAM
38. HALOXAZOLAM
39. HYDROCODONE
40. HYDROMORPHOHE
41. KETAZOLAM
42. LEFETAMINE
43. LEVORPHANOL
44. LOPRAZOLAM
45. LORAZEPAM
46. LORMETAZEPAM

47. MAZINDOL
48. METHADONE
49. MORPHINE
50. MEDAZEPAM
51. MEFENOREX
52. MEPROBAMATE
53. MESOCARB
54. METHYLPHENOBARBITAL
55. METHYPRYLON
56. MIDAZOLAM
57. NALBUPHINE
58. NIMETAZEPAM
59. NITRAZEPAM
60. NORDAZEPAM
61. OPIUM
62. OXYCODONE
63. OXYMORPHONE
64. OXAZEPAM
65. OXAZOLAM
66. PETHIDINE
67. PETHIDINE-INTERMEDIATE-A
68. PETHIDINE-INTERMEDIATE-B
69. PETHIDINE-INTERMEDIATE-C
70. PENTOBARBITAL
71. PENTAZOCINE
72. PROPOXYPHENE
73. PEMOLINE
74. PHENDIMETRAZINE
75. PHENOBARBITAL
76. PHENTERMINE
77. PINAZEPAM
78. PIPRADOL
79. PRAZEPAM
80. PYROVALERONE
81. SECOBARBITAL
82. SECBUTABARBITAL
83. SUFENTANIL
84. TEMAZEPAM
85. TETRAZEPAM
86. TRIAZOLAM
87. VINYLBITAL

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